

## TENNESSEE EVENTS

### Gathered from All Corners of the State and Told in Briefest Form

Jackson.—Jackson is threatened with a water famine. Instead of having a reservoir to supply the city, water is pumped from 34 wells 500 feet deep, directly into the huge main pipes. Hot weather is responsible for consumption that runs higher than the possible supply, unless the combined pumps are worked, and city officials are afraid to do this for fear the pumps might break down at the same time. In such a case the city would be entirely without water.

Columbia.—The people of Hampshire and Fly's store section of this county are becoming more and more stirred up over the prospects of striking oil as operations are continued. C. H. Holland, a western oil operator, has just filed with County Register J. J. Fogue, a new batch of oil leases in these sections, bringing the total number of acres leased to more than 15,000 acres, leases on more than 11,000 acres having been registered several weeks ago.

Dyersburg.—The Dyer county pike commission is now in session and is busy preparing plans to start work on the highways. The bonds recently sold have been paid for and the money is on deposit in the various banks of the county. Engineers are working on the specifications, which they expect to have ready by the first of August. It is announced that no top work will be done till next spring.

Chattanooga.—W. J. Edwards, formerly division superintendent of the A. G. S. division of the Southern railway system, with headquarters at Birmingham, has been appointed general superintendent of the Southwest district of the Southern. The general superintendent succeeds Fred P. Pelter, who resigned to take the general management of the Norfolk & Western railway.

Knoxville.—President Harding, Marshal Foch, Gen. Pershing and Sir Eric Geddes, British ambassador, have been extended an invitation to attend the annual reunion of the Thirtieth division veterans which will be held in Nashville armistice day, Nov. 11. The invitations were sent out by Frank P. Bowen of this city, secretary of the Old Hickory association.

Dyersburg.—Rev. E. L. Atwood, pastor of the First Baptist church here, has been offered the chair of Bible and religious education in the Tennessee college for women. Dr. Atwood has the question under advisement, and will make known his decision in the next few days. He has been pastor here for the past four years, coming from Clinton, Ky.

Jackson.—Some folks steal clothes, some pilfer money, and some just rob for the joy of the thing. Charles Smith, white, was bound over to criminal court by a local magistrate for holding up a negro at the point of a gun and taking a second-hand pair of shoes from the negro.

Nashville.—The state board of medical examiners will hold examinations in Knoxville, Nashville and Memphis, when candidates for license to practice medicine in Tennessee will be given examinations. The board will hold sessions here in the hall of representatives at the state capital.

Chattanooga.—It is reported here by intimate friends of C. H. Huston, assistant secretary of commerce, that he is being considered for appointment to membership in the shipping board by President Harding, provided Secretary Hoover would give his consent to the transfer of Mr. Huston.

Centerville.—A series of excellent recitals was given by the piano pupils of Mrs. Forrest Nixon's school of music at Centerville. Twenty pupils appeared. The program included grand opera selections.

Bristol.—J. Mason Warren, 23, of Saltville, Va., was drowned at Warrensville, N. C., according to advices received here. He was on his vacation when he met his death.

Union City.—Mrs. Rice A. Pierce dropped dead during the absence of her husband. Mrs. Pierce leaves her husband and two children, Tom Pierce and Alice A. Pierce, Jr.

Dyersburg.—Dyersburg will have the Redpath chautauqua. The Dyersburg woman's club was instrumental in having the chautauqua again this year.

Dayton.—Thurman Taylor, 18, was instantly killed, his father, Walter Taylor, seriously injured, while Lee Taylor, another son, and Walter Watkins were slightly hurt near here when a bolt of lightning struck a tree under which the men were standing.

Jackson.—Really deals in the city showed a decided improvement over the past few weeks, the transfers for one week amounting to more than \$21,000. Contracts for several thousand dollars worth of improvements were also let.

## ALLIES APPLAUD GERMAN EFFORTS

COUNCIL OF AMBASSADORS SEND NOTE OF APPROVAL TO GERMAN EMBASSY.

### BAVARIA DECIDES TO DISARM

Promises to Disband Citizens' Army Voluntarily—Wirth Cabinet Apparently Determined to Carry Out Treaty Obligations.

Munich, Bavaria.—The Bavarian einwohnerwehr, or citizens guard, has decided to disarm voluntarily by June 30, under the terms of the allied ultimatum.

Paris.—The council of ambassadors sent a letter, signed by Premier Briand, to the German embassy, taking cognizance of the good will of the German government in its efforts to fulfill its undertakings under the peace treaty. In the letter the council grants Germany a delay until Sept. 30 for the transformation of the Diesel motors from submarine use to civilian industry.

Berlin.—The ability of the Wirth government now to hand over in real cash installments "on account" of the indemnity is due to Dr. Wirth's personal far-sighted policy as minister of finance. The 200,000,000 gold marks now in the hands of the federal reserve is only part of the resources the German minister of finance began to collect by the purchase of foreign securities soon after the armistice. They realized they would have to pay an indemnity some day.

Dr. Wirth has been carefully concealing his plan, but now he is convinced that the time has come to confirm Germany's good will by deeds expressed in dollars and cents. The leaders of industry, commerce and science are putting their heads together to discuss the new situation resulting from the government's promise to fulfill the demands of the allies' ultimatum.

### HALT PITTSBURGH FIRE.

Blaze Threatened Business District. Loss About \$1,000,000.

Pittsburgh.—Fire of unknown origin starting in an office building in the downtown section of Pittsburgh was brought under control after the entire fire department of the city was called to the scene. There was no loss of life reported, but the damage was estimated at between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000.

For a time the business district was threatened. The Briggs Machinery Company and other concerns, including the Fairbanks Scale Company, the Pittsburgh Office Equipment Company and the New York Wall Paper Company, said their losses would total well into \$1,000,000.

### WILL SELL MASS METALS.

To Auction 34,000 Pounds, Containing Much Platinum, at Jacksonville.

Washington.—More than 34,000 pounds of mass metals held in the surplus ordnance stores of the army, and containing platinum deposits estimated to be worth \$75,000, were offered for sale by the directors of sales. The metal is stored at Old Hickory Ordnance Reserve Depot, Jacksonville, Tenn., and will be sold to the highest bidders.

The director of sales also announced that the government-owned buildings and improvements, Camp Joseph E. Johnston, Jacksonville, Fla., will be sold at public auction.

### Mallory Line Resumes.

Tampa, Fla.—Regular service between New York, Tampa, Mobile and New Orleans will be resumed by the Mallory Line immediately, according to advices received in local shipping circles. Sailings were discontinued some time ago because of the marine workers' strike.

### Make Big Haul.

New Orleans.—Loot that must have required a large automobile or truck to take it from the scene was stolen from the warehouse of the Salem and Kawaja Importing Company. The loot consisted of about \$6,000 worth of Oriental silks and Italian fancy work and \$500 in cash.

### Lloyd George Is Ill.

London.—Premier Lloyd George is suffering from a slight attack of illness, but it was declared that his condition is entirely satisfactory. The premier was taken down with a chill and his physician ordered him to rest.

### Bandits Get \$7,000.

Kansas City.—Six bandits in a stolen touring car held up John T. McGuire, manager of Electric Park, an amusement park here, and took \$7,000 which McGuire was on his way to a bank to deposit.

### Attack Gambling "Taps."

Washington.—Interstate transmission by telegraph, telephone or mail of betting information would be prohibited under a bill introduced by Representative Sanders, democrat, Louisiana.

## \$600,000,000 CUT IN PAYROLL ASKED

RAILROAD MANAGERS DEMAND THE LABOR BOARD GIVE STILL FURTHER REDUCTION.

### OPPOSE "OVERTIME" PAY

Spokesman for Roads Ask Pro Rate Payment Be Substituted—Request Increased Wages of Last Year Be Wiped Out.

Chicago.—Demanding that the entire wage increase granted all railroad employees in the country by the railroad labor board's wage award of July, 1919, be wiped out, more than 150 railroads appeared before the board with renewed petitions for more wage reductions.

Some railroads demanded reductions of a flat 20 per cent cut for all employees, while others merely declared that every basis for last year's increase had disappeared and that it now was time to restore the wage schedules of April 30, 1920, prior to application of the \$600,000,000 wage award.

Two new propositions appeared in the course of the testimony presented by railroad representatives. John G. Walber, representing 54 eastern carriers, told the board that time and one-half pay for overtime in freight and yard train service should be abolished and that a schedule of wages for the entire country was discriminatory and "a serious violation of economic laws."

"The principle of time and a half for overtime cannot be fairly applied where the regulation of hours is beyond the control of the employer," Walber said. "It is wrong and inequitable. We propose prorata payment for overtime."

Mr. Walber offered a programme of proposed wage scale application based on the rate regions established by the Interstate Commerce Commission as an alternative for standardized wage schedules.

J. W. Higgins, who spoke in behalf of 66 western roads, told the board plainly that the roads were not satisfied with the reductions granted by its decision of June 1 and demanded that the increases of last year be entirely wiped out.

Frank H. Alfred, president of the Pere Marquette Railway, was interrupted by a series of inquiries by L. E. Shephard, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, while before the board.

"Have you a private car?" asked Mr. Shephard.

"There are two private cars on our system," replied Mr. Alfred, "one of them about 20 years old. Recently I had this old car refitted and my last trip to Chicago was the first I made in it."

"How much did it cost to fix it up?" asked Mr. Shephard.

"Not over \$2,000," was the reply.

"Has there been any reduction in the salaries of the officials of the Pere Marquette?" Mr. Shephard asked. "No," answered Mr. Alfred, "we were waiting until the decision of the labor board as to the employees' wages before any action."

### SIXTY-DAY CLAUSE DROPPED.

House Passes Senate Bill Amending Section of Edge Act.

Washington.—The Senate bill authorizing amendment of a section of the Edge act authorizing foreign trade corporations for export was passed by the House. Under the present law 25 per cent of the subscribed capital must be paid before the corporation begins operation, the balance to be paid every 60 days in 10 per cent installments. The amendment eliminates the 60-day feature and requires payment of the balance in installments as requested by the directors, subject to approval, however, of the federal reserve board.

### VETERAN STOLE MILK.

Hero of Four Battle Fronts Did It to Keep From Starving.

Kenosha, Wis.—Elmer Mowdy, who served on four battle fronts in France and who was wounded in the leg by a shrapnel during the Marne battle, was arraigned in municipal court for stealing milk from the front porch. Mowdy said he was guilty and that he did it to keep from starving to death. He said he was ready to go to jail.

### Two Drown in Gulf.

Brownsville, Texas.—Alvin Thieme, 45, San Benito, Texas, and Herman G. Haas, of Bloomer, Wis., were drowned in the Gulf of Mexico on the northern end of Brazos Island.

### Watch for Stolen Art.

Washington.—Art dealers throughout the United States are being warned by the Swiss legation to be on the watch for offerings of famous paintings recently stolen from the Museumplatz, at Weimer, Germany.

### Mexican Revolt Ends.

Mexico City.—Small revolutionary outbreaks in the state of Oaxaca have been put down, according to information received here. Sanchez, grand son of the Mexican liberator, was killed by rebels.

## CONGRESS VOTES AID TO SUFFERERS

DAMAGE IN COLORADO ESTIMATED AT BETWEEN 16 AND 20 MILLION DOLLARS.

### PESTILENCE DANGER OVER

Incomplete List of Those Who Lost Lives Published by Colorado Rangers—Impassable Roads Prevent Burial of Bodies.

Washington.—An appropriation of \$1,000,000 for relief of Colorado flood victims was authorized by the senate in adopting a joint resolution offered by Senator Phipps of Colorado.

The resolution directs such sanitary measures as will safeguard the health of the population of the flooded district, to furnish subsistence and shelter and to give any other possible aid to relieve personal suffering and distress. The whole or any part of the \$1,000,000 authorization is made available for that purpose.

Pueblo, Col.—Danger of pestilence, following the disastrous flood, has passed, according to officials of the United States public health service; there is plenty of food; shelter has been provided in a refugee camp to remove the congestion in churches, schools and private homes, and an army of men has been at work clearing the streets of debris, removing dead animals and clearing out the business places.

Part of the city was again electrically lighted. The gas company has preparations nearly complete for supplying gas for heat and light. The city water plant is functioning, and tomorrow a water purifier will prepare for human consumption five million gallons of water daily.

Dr. John C. Cornell, head of the United States public health service for this district, declared that presence of contagious and infectious disease is rarer than in the days prior to the disaster, and this in the face of the fact that hundreds of dead bodies of animals are decaying in the flood-swept area.

Only two cases of diphtheria have developed according to reports of the health service, which has thoroughly organized every district in the city and is making a house-to-house canvas to report sickness and guard against insanitation.

The military order compelling all able-bodied men to work has brought out an army of laborers. They have been unloading trucks of food, carrying blankets for refugees, transporting coats and equipment to the new camp for refugees and shoveling mud and debris and carting it away all day.

The city has been remarkably free from lawlessness under the circumstances. Only a few arrests have been made for looting.

James E. Feiser, manager of the southwestern division of the Red Cross, who handled the Ohio floods of 1913 and other disasters, accompanied by A. W. Jones of St. Louis, director-in-chief of the Red Cross at the Corpus Christi disaster, arrived in Pueblo to take charge of the relief work to be furnished by the national organization.

Ten expert disaster surveyors were to arrive in the city to assist in the census.

Known dead from the flood in Pueblo totaled 55, when three additional bodies were recovered. Forty-two bodies were at the morgues and 10 had been recovered on the St. Charles mesa.

No burials will be held for several days, it was said, because of the impassable condition of roads to the cemeteries.

A committee of real estate men estimated the property damage in Pueblo from the flood at between \$15,000,000 and \$20,000,000. This damage was an appraisal of the buildings and contents.

An incomplete list of identified dead was posted at the information bureau of the Colorado rangers.

### POLITICIAN LOSES APPEAL.

Dierks Must Serve Sentence for Disloyal Speech.

Cincinnati, O.—Herman Dierks, former democratic political leader in Hamilton county must serve five years in the federal penitentiary in Atlanta, the United States circuit court of appeals having affirmed his conviction.

### PASSENGER IS KILLED.

Radicals Fire on Train Near Buenos Aires.

Buenos Aires.—An express bound from Buenos Aires to Rosario received a fusillade of rifle shots while speeding through Campana, 30 miles northwest of Buenos Aires, one passenger being killed, and one wounded. The motive for the attack is not known.

Campana recently was the scene of labor troubles, and it is reported the extremist foreign element is active there.

## SHORT TERM DEBT WILL BE REFUNDED

SECRETARY OF TREASURY MELLON ANNOUNCES HIGH INTEREST-BEARING PLAN.

### DEBT REDUCED \$350,000,000

Notes Will Bear 5½ and 5¾ Per Cent—Will Be Tax Exempt and Acceptable for Payment on Debts and Taxes Due.

Washington.—Inauguration of the administration's policy for refunding the major portion of the \$7,500,000,000 short dated debt was announced by Secretary Mellon with a combined offering of \$500,000,000 of three-year 5½ per cent treasury notes and one-year 5¾ per cent treasury certificates, both dated June 15.

The notes, which will constitute an entirely new form of government security, will not be subject to call for redemption before maturity, and will be acceptable in payment of income and profits taxes within six months before maturity. Bearer notes, unregistered, with interest coupons attached, will be issued in denominations of \$100, \$500, \$5,000, \$10,000, \$50,000 and \$100,000. The tax exemption features will be similar to those of treasury certificates. As explained by the secretary in his letter to congress last April, the treasury expects to reduce by about \$1,000,000,000 the short-dated debt, consisting of Victory notes, treasury certificate, Pittman act and special issues and war savings securities. The remaining amount then outstanding of more than \$6,000,000,000, he declared, would have to be refunded.

"It will therefore be the treasury's policy," Mr. Mellon said, "to vary its monthly offering of treasury certificates of indebtedness from time to time when market conditions are favorable with issues of short-term notes in moderate amounts with maturities of from three to five years, with a view to the gradual distribution of the short dated debt through successive issues of notes in convenient maturities extending over the period from 1923 to 1928, when the third Liberty loan matures. Treasury certificates, offerings will continue to be made from time to time as in the past, in order to meet the treasury's current requirements. This programme will make the short-dated debt more manageable and facilitate the refunding operations which will be necessary in connection with the maturity of the Victory Liberty loan."

In a letter to the banking institutions of the country describing the new note issue, Secretary Mellon said that on June 15 about \$430,000,000 of treasury certificates would mature and at the same time about \$130,000,000 of interest on the first Liberty loan and Victory Liberty loan would become payable. In July, he added, there would be maturities of about \$132,000,000 and in August of about \$156,000,000 to be met.

Against these maturities, Mr. Mellon said, the treasury expected to receive during June about \$576,000,000 on account of the quarterly payment of income and profits taxes. The treasury will need about \$500,000,000 for its further requirements, he added.

Discussing the current operations of the government during the first 11 months of the fiscal year, Mr. Mellon reported a net current surplus amounting to \$225,600,000 and a reduction in the gross debt of about \$350,000,000.

### TAUGHT GERMAN—FINED.

Constitutionality of Ohio War Law Upheld by Court.

Columbus, Ohio.—Constitutionality of the Ake law, prohibiting the teaching of German to students who have not completed the seventh grade, was upheld by the Ohio supreme court. In upholding the constitutionality of this law, the court confirmed the convictions of Emil Pohl and H. H. Bohning, teacher and member of the board of trustees of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Congregational school at Garfield Heights, near Cleveland.

Pohl and Bohning each were fined \$25 and costs by the mayor of Garfield Heights for violation of the Ake law.

### W. B. Cogswell Dies.

New York.—William B. Cogswell, founder of the Solvay process and for years a commanding figure in mining engineering circles died at his home here. He was a native of Oswego, New York.

### Citizenship Denied.

St. Louis.—Application for citizenship was denied two men by Federal Judge Dyer, because they had failed to defend themselves in divorce actions. The judge said he believed these indicated a lack of qualities necessary to good citizenship.

### To Hold Farm Inquiry.

Washington.—A resolution providing for a general inquiry of agricultural conditions by a congressional commission, urged by farm organizations, was adopted by the house.

## LIVE STOCK

### PLAN TO ERADICATE CHOLERA

Swine Breeders of Indiana County Working to Stamp Out All Traces of Disease.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A county free from hog cholera this year is the goal to which swine breeders in Steuben county, Ind., are working under the guidance of the local county agent and the district veterinarian of the United States Department of Agriculture. As a result of a persistent campaign for the control



County Agent Inoculating Pigs With Hog Cholera Serum.

of cholera and strict organized effort to eradicate it, there has been a remarkable decrease in the disease in the county during the last two years. In 1917 the loss from cholera in the county, according to the county agent, was about \$10,000. In 1918 it was a little less than \$5,000, and in 1919 it was about the same. In 1920, however, only three cases occurred in the county, which leads the swine breeders to believe that if their efforts to control the disease are continued cholera can be practically eradicated.

### CLUB MEMBERS SECURE PIGS

Registered Animals Given to Boys and Girls in Mississippi—Scholarship at End.

A public-spirited man in Fayette county, Mississippi, gave six registered pigs to the boys' and girls' pig-club work last year, with the understanding that each one who received a pig was to give back to the club one pig from the first litter and one from the second. The donated animals were drawn for by members from each beat and one from the county at large. The recipients were very proud of their pigs. The six from the first litters were distributed in December. If the plan is continued for five years it is estimated that 204 registered pigs will be given away at the close of that time, and it is hoped that purebred hogs will be found on every farm in the county. If these plans mature as is hoped, the 204 which will be available for gifts at the end of the five years will be put up at auction and the proceeds used for a scholarship to the State Agricultural and Mechanical college, which will be awarded yearly to the winner of the county pig-club championship.

### ALFALFA AS HORSE ROUGHAGE

Plant is High in Protein and Minerals and is Especially Good for Young Stock.

Alfalfa receives great favor as a horse roughage. It is high in minerals and protein and is especially good for young stock. Because it is laxative in effect and high in protein, it is always best to limit the amount of alfalfa to one-half or two-thirds of the total hay ration. The rest may be timothy hay. Use alfalfa with a ration that is low in protein. Corn as a grain and alfalfa as a roughage make a balanced ration.

### BEST LIVE STOCK CHEAPEST

Opinion of Virginia Farmer Who Thinks Breeders Are Aiming to Procure Purebreds.

"From 30 years' experience in breeding thoroughbred horses and later dairy cattle, I have found that the best is the cheapest." This is the opinion of a Virginia farmer in a statement to the United States Department of Agriculture. "I think all raisers of live stock in Virginia are aiming to procure purebred sires."

Good Mixture for Hogs. It is good policy, where possible, to keep charcoal, wood ashes, slaked lime and salt in a sheltered trough where hogs can have access to same at will.

### Silage for Horses.

Silage should not be considered as a mainstay for horses, as its use is preferable only in limited amounts as a small supplement to the regular ration.

### Important in Sow's Ration.

High content of protein and mineral matter is required in the sow's ration, because her milk is high in these materials which form the bone and muscle of the young pigs.